#### Artillery for Rebels.

started yesterday there were possibly 150 insurrectos, and that no reinforcements came until last evening. He also added that Villa Real had arrived from Ojinaga with reinforcements and two pieces of artilery. One, he said, was the famous "McGinty," stolen from El Paso.

Col. Garibaldi is in command of the socalled "American Legion" of insurrectos, and they are fighting their way to the

bull ring.

The rebels have poured a stream of shrapnel and solid shot into the city. One of the guns is manned by United States and French artillerymen. An American insurrecto named Anderson attempted to cross the Santa Fe bridge to El Paso, but was driven back by the United States troops. At 7:30 this pled over. Soon the federals abandoned morning Col. Steever, in charge of the United States troops, issued orders not to mittently for a few hours without adpermit any provisions to be taken across to the insurrectos. A wagon load of food was at the bridge for the rebels, but it. was not permitted to cross. The insurrecto officers stated they held the port of entry and that they had a right to bring food supplies to their men.

#### Entire Army Attacking.

Evidence accumulated throughout the morning that the attack on Juarez was being made by the entire insurrecto rebels came as far as the Atchison, To- passed by the House today without a army, with the sanction of Francisco I. army, with the sanction of Francisco I. joins Juarez and El Paso, driving the Madero, provisional president. Madero federals back in town and taking posdid not countenance the attack yesterday. It was started by federal and insurrecto outposts. Some of Madero's leaders say today that drunken Juarez volunteers fired on insurrecto sentries first. Gen. Navarro declares the insurrectos opened fire while he and Madero were negotiating an armistice.

After the fighting opened rebel recruits continued to join the fighters, despite Madero's protest Madero made efforts to stop the fighting, and the insurrectos, his own men, fired on a messenger he sent with a white flag.

#### Madero's Many Changes.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Madero order. At 6 he harangued his troops to quit. At 9 last night he declared he was attempting to stop the fighting. At midnight he announced that he had given permission for the attack. At 3 this morning he demanded the surrender of Juarez. At 4:30 o'clock this morning the general assault began, with his sanction. There was no armistice last evening. Madero explains the attack on Juarez merely by declaring that "it is the only thing to do." His leaders throughout yesterday begged him to allow them to go to the rescue of their comrades fight-

In his proclamation of Sunday Madero admitted it was with difficulty that he was able to restrain his leaders from attacking Juana. attacking Juarez. It is generally considered here that ne did not have the power to stop the fight, and was forced to give it his approval. He has not technically violated any armistice, for none had been concluded. He was talking on the teletempting to arrange an armistice, when the fighting opened yesterday, but no armistice was arranged, because the pattle already had begun.

#### Refused to Surrender.

The decision to attack the federal forces was made after the envoys sent shortly after midnight to Gen. Navarro returned saying that he refused to surrender. For an armistice arrangement he referred them to Judge Carbajal, the federal peace envoy, but he, too, refused to enter into an agrement with part of the rebels al-Continuous firing during the night indi-

cated that the rebels were pressing closey the advantage gained yesterday by forcing the federals from their trenches and outlying fortifications near Juarez. and that they would make a general attack on the city some time during the

Gen. Navarro's men have mines in various places and also machine guns with which to turn a deadly volley at their

It was reported early today that one of the federal machine guns late yesterday had torn a part of the rebel detach-

## American Captain Killed.

Capt. Linderfelt, the American who commanded the small body of men who first attacked Juarez, has been killed, together with five others of his command. Capt. Sachino of the federal forces is reported seriously wounded.

The firing by the insurrectos was begun by a small detachment of men stationed in an adobe house near the Staunton street bridge. With their machine REBELS CAPTURE TIJUA gun leveled to sweep the main streets of Juarez they waited patiently for the first break of dawn and opened fire. A United States soldier while off duty swam across the Rio Grande only an hour before the attack began and brought back with him two of the wounded insurrectos. Orders had been given to not allow the wounded to take refuge in El Paso, but under cover of darkness the soldiers towed the two wounded men to shore and brought them to a hospital.

One of the insurrectos had a bullet wound in his neck and the other a bullet hole in his leg. The soldiers declared that the detachment of men with the machine gun near the Stanton street bridge was ready to keep up a continuous fire all day, as they had plenty of

## Gen. Navarro Confident.

Gen. Navarro is confident of holding Juarez and military experts in town field pieces and cannon in an advantageous position in the town. He has twelve guns in all, three of which are in action on the outskirts of the town shelling the hills which the main column of the insurrecto army must pass to enter the city unless it decides to follow the

This route is bound to draw heavy fire into American territory.

Thousands of residents of El Paso for heurs have been watching from rooftops and points of vantage. The United States troops have ordered everybody on the American side of the line to stay three blocks away from the river front. Col. Villareal, the insurrecto chief, is adeast with 600 men fresh from the siege of Ojinaga, while Gen. Rabage is ada strong command has been assigned to sphere has been proposed by Senator Mrs. Josefa Garcia and her young son were shot early today, the former re-ceiving a wound in her neck. They were on the American side of the line.

Rebels Holding Many Streets. Fighting in the streets of Juarez coninues. A rebel in Juarez has telephoned Madero headquarters that the revolutionsts are in possession of many streets. Federals as well as rebels have taken refuge in the residences of Juarez and are firing from windows and doorways at persons who are visible in the streets.

Skulking behind dozens of low adobe houses are scores of insurrectos, stealing into the main section of the city. Gen.

Navarro has stationed his machine guns to over the difference of the restricted treets. are firing from windows and doorways at the crossings of the principal streets, and hopes in this way to keep the rebels at bay while his cavalrymen and in-fantrymen pursue the attack from the

Numerous skirmishes at short distance range are progressing along the outskirts of the town. At 11 o'clock 500 rebels were seen dashing up Commerce street, the main thoroughfare of the town. The fed-erals have retired somewhat to the hilly portion of Juarez, due south of the river front.

## Night Casualties Heavy.

In last night's fighting the casualties of the insurrectos and federals are said to have totaled thirty dead and sixty wounded. Five people on the American side of the line were killed and at least fact it is well to caution the public response to the side of the line were killed and at least fact it is well to caution the public response to the same cell, but slept soundly while representation was in the same cell, twelve wounded. Thousands of persons in El Paso dotted rooftops or lined the river banks in direct line of fire.

Col. Steever of the Fourth United control of the street and the part of those that furnish such the caused while quarreling on the street and the wile quarreling on the street and the while quarreling on the street and the couple will near her husband when the couple came here failure to unfavorable times and loss of the couple came here to unfavorable times and loss of the coupl Col. Steever of the Fourth United wild reports."

States Cavalry protested to both armies against the fire into American territory, and it lessened considerably thereafter. Nearly 1,000 American troops were massed on the border keeping crowds They were stripped of most of their clothing." back end ready to respond to any orders

Cassiday said that when the attack surrectos, incensed them.

tarted yesterday there were possibly 150

The dighting lasted until long after dark, and furnished many a thrilling spectacle, and furnished many a thrilling spectacle. as well as continuous terror, for many mericans living along the river bank. About a dozen insurrectos were seen to emerge from the barren hills around Jaurez early in the day. They skulked along through the shrubbery toward the federal outposts, firing repeatedly at a squad of federals cooped up in an adobe Secretary of the Treasury Called Democrats Expect to Profit by Repub-

## Canadian at Their Head.

At the head of the insurrecto band was shirt was plainly visible as he pressed close to Juarez.

their trenches and the rebels fired intervancing. About 5 o'clock the federals brought their artillery into action and heavy cannonading began. The federals gauged their fire well, and not only shot shrapnel into the insurrecto advance, but far into the outlying forces of the insurrecto camp, near "Peace

tage of the river bank and used it for protection, as the federals had been ordered not to shoot into El Paso. The years ago, has not even been begun was peka and Santa Fe railway bridge, which session of the custom houses.

#### Fight Carried Into Juarez.

Carrying the fight into Juarez, the rebels entered the town, and for hours kept up continuous fire. Insurrecto reinforcements reached the bridge later tions in the present structure were found in the afternoon, but did not fire. They to be intolerable. They were even worse withdrew at night under orders from their chiefs.

All doctors left Juarez when the attack opened, and there was nobody there to attend to the wounded. Several insurrectos made efforts to get across to this side of the river on the plea of getting doctors, but were Mr. Fitzgerald if the delay had not been ordered the attack. At 4:20 he recalled his turned back by the United States offi- occasioned by the fact that the new cials, who declared that it would be a building could not be erected within the Ernesto Franco of Mexico City, was limit of cost-\$2,150,000-which was fixed shot and slightly wounded in the head by Congress. Mr. Fitzgerald said that a

> United States. A report to Capt. Olin, U. S. A., in command of a part of the border guard, fine arts commission, these plans were declared that one shrapnel that had ex- changed. An ornamental building of the farmers should be applied by the hand ploded over a band of rebels near kind favored by the commission cannot that inflicts the wound"; that the best way 'Peace Grove," where the peace conference had been held, killed at least Mr. Foster wanted to know if this was benefit of free farm necessities is to pro-

## TO MAKE PEACE PACT

MEXICO CITY, May 9 .- The government is kept advised of the progress of phone with Gen. Navarro in Juarez, at- sul at El Paso, but in the absence of complete details of the events of yesterday and last night at Juarez is at a loss. as the public is, to accurately gauge the prospects of the immediate future.

> President Diaz and his cabinet this morning awaited the result of a conference between a representative of Gen. Navarro, commanding the federal troops at Juarez, and a representative of Madero. They had been advised that at last midnight a messenger from the rebel camp asked for an appointment with Gen. Navarro for an early hour today. The government is unable to grasp the exact situation between the opposing commanders, but at the foreign office it was said that the administration was still disposed to listen to reasonable rep-

resentations from Madero. Official dispatches state that last night's fight was precipitated by the act of three rebels, who fired on the federal outposts The message adds that there were casualties on the American side as a result of the rebel fire. The insubordination of Madero's men has created distrust of the efficacy of a peace pact should such result from the possible resumption of negotiations. At the foreign office it is still regarded as probable that Madero's counsel will prevail to the end that further conferences will be held.

A long dispatch from Judge Carbajal, the federal peace commissioner, it is said, has been received by Finance Minister Limantour, who, with Foreign Minister de la Barra, went into conference with

## REBELS CAPTURE TIJUANA AFTER SEVERE FIGHTING

SAN DIEGO, May 9.-Tijuana, Lower California, was captured by the insurrectos at 5 o'clock this morning, after a short but savage fight. Many are dead and wounded on both

sides. It is impossible to learn definitely how many have been killed, as the United | were removing its contents. The prison-States troops at the line refuse to allow ers are locked up today on charges of any one to cross into the Mexican town. A small party of federals still is holding the Mexican customs house. Buildings in the town have been fired by the rebels and dead bodies are visible through field glasses in the streets and near the Catholic church, which has been burned.

TIJUANA, Cal., May 9.—A detachment of twenty-eight federal soldiers that left Tijuana at midnight last night think he can do it. He has his two on a scouting expedition has been annihilated by the rebels, according to brought to the international oundary line early this morning by Enrico Gonzales, a federal officer. Another detachment of fourteen me which left the Mexican town at the same time has not been heard from, and it is

#### ined the border watching the night fir-FORBIDS INTERFERENCE.

elleved they have met the same fate.

Hundreds of Americans in automobiles

## Resolution by Senator Rayner Ties Hands of United States.

for adoption a resolution declaring:

First. That in the opinion and judgment of the Senate the United States has no right or purpose to interfere \$3,500; surgeon, \$3,000; passed assistant with or disturb the political integrity of any of the independent republics of the These officers, except the surgeon general, western hemisphere, or to assume at any time any political protectorate over them. thority, that the United States hereby

#### litical institutions. MEXICO CITY TRANQUIL.

### **Embassy Says Government Controls** All Important Centers.

A statement issued today by the Mexican embassy declares that tranquillity continues in the City of Mexico and that great surprise is expressed there in rumors to the centrary. The statement in

"All the ports, all the cities, all im-

## ASKS TO KNOW WHY SHIFTED TO SENATE SENATE GETS BUSY

lay in Bureau Building.

Upon for Information.

Canadian, W. H. McKenzie, whose pink MONEY VOTED 3 YEARS AGO PLAN FOR A UNITED FRONT DEMOCRATS WILL GIVE AID

for New Home of Engraving and Printing Force.

The resolution introduced by Representative Fitzgerald of New York calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury to The insurrectos, however, took advan- bureau of engraving and printing, for which an appropriation was made several dissenting voice. The resolution received the unanimous favorable report of the committee on public buildings and grounds, of which Mr. Sheppard is chair-

> In explaining the resolution Mr. Fitzgerald told the House that the appropriation for the new building was made by Congress because, three years ago, condinow, he said, and yet no attempt apparently had been made to begin work on the new structure. He thought the House was entitled to know why.

#### Reason Suggested by Query.

Representative Foster of Illinois asked on the Mexican side of the river, but suitable building could be erected for this publicans would be held blameworthy. If was not allowed to cross into the sum; that the plans had been prepared they should be consolidated with the aid and were all right.

"But," h said, "after the advent of the the democrats would be held responsible.

Mr. Foster wanted to know if this was benefit of free farm necessities is to proa dozen of them. This happened about the fine arts commission created by Con- vide for them in the bill which removes this one was created by executive order."

> Mr. Sims Wants Information. Representative Sims of Tennessee demanded to know why the department to the high protection principle had failed to carry out the law, and then Representative Kendall of Iowa asked Mr. Fitzgerald if he or his committee communicated with the Treasury with respect to the delay in beginning work on the building. Mr. Sheppard said he had received a partial statement from the Treasury officials, but thought this nformation should come to the House through official channels. The resolution

### COMING TO UNITED STATES.

was then passed.

Frenchmen to Promote Commercial Relations With the Two Americas. PARIS. May 9. - Gabriel Hanotaux former minister of foreign affairs, with fifteen or twenty other prominent members of the Franco-American committee, will visit the United States in 1912. M. Hanotaux is the president of a committee to develop closer commercial and intellectual relations between France and the two Americas. He was invited through Ambassador Bacon by the American committee of the International Conciliation Association to visit the United States this year, but was prevented from accepting any engagements here. The party will leave in March and visit

Washington and other American and Canadian cities. M. Hanotaux probably will deliver several addresses while abroad. He has accepted an invitation to the American Independence day dinner in Paris July 4 next.

## ROGUES QUICKLY CAUGHT.

Package Containing \$20,000 Recovered by New York Detectives. NEW YORK, May 9.-Ten central of-

fice detectives, disguised as drivers and freight handlers, trailed a United States Express Company van containing \$20,000 worth of valuables through the streets in a closed delivery wagon late yesterday, watched Charles B. Miller, the driver, take it to a stable on the East Side and then arrested him and nine pals as they

## PHILIP RUPRECHT DEAD.

## Valued Official of Standard Oil Com-

pany Passes Away. NEW YORK, May 9.-Philip Ruprecht manager of the foreign shipping department of the Standard Oil Company, is dead at his home here of a complication of diseases. It was under his guidance that the Standard's methods of shipping oil to all countries of the globe were systematized. He was born in Germany and learned the oil business in Oil City, Pa., and the neighboring Pennsylvania fields.

## ADVANCES RATE OF PAY.

## Senator Martin's Bill in Interest of Former Telephone Operator in Bank Public Health Service.

News rates of pay for the commissionattitude of the United States to the in- and marine hospital service are fixed in vancing to Juarez with 1,000 federals, but dependent republics in the western hemi- a bill "to promote the efficiency of the oppose him, and Madero says he has no Rayner. He has presented to the Senate of Virginia. It is proposed that the surservice," submitted by Senator Martin geon general shall receive \$6,000 a year: assistant surgeon general, \$4,000; senior surgeons, of which there are to be ten, surgeon, \$2,500; assistant surgeon, \$2,000. are to receive additional compensation of 10 per cent of the annual salary for each

> quarters they are to receive commutation therefore at the rate of \$12 a per room, as follows: Surgeon general, eight rooms; assistant surgeon general, seven rooms; senior surgeon, six rooms; surgeon, five rooms; passed assistant surgeon, four rooms; assistant surgeon, three rooms. They are also to receive commutation for fuel and lights at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Philadelphia Banking Firm Files

## US'ES NECKTIE AS NOOSE.

### Suicide of Prisoner Whose Wife Was in Adjoining Cell.

chelle, thirty years old, committed sui- \$385,776. cide in a cell of a police station here today by hanging himself to the bars, using Rochelle and his wife were arrested

from New York two months ago.

Gen. Madero believes that remarks attributed to Col. Tambourel of the federal garrison in Juarez, taunting the in-Legislation Limelight. sition to Begin Work.

## DEMAND FOR EXPLANATION CHANCE TO PLAY POLITICS DIRECT ELECTIONS FIRST

lican Divisions.

At the first few shots two federals top- Tardiness in Using Appropriation Minority Anxious to Emulate Demo- Anxious That Senate Shall Take Up cratic Harmony Displayed in the House.

> The limelight of public interest in tariff legislation shifts now from the House until the House brings forth the revision tention to legislative action. of the wool schedule.

before the Senate committee on finance. list bill will languish and probably die in When the reciprocity bill comes up in will arise over the question whether the

#### bill shall be passed or rejected as it came from the House, or whether it shall be journs. consolidated with some or all of the provisions of the free list bill. On that point there is difference of opinion among democrats in the Senate.

Some for Separate Vote. Some of them are in favor of a separate vote on the two measures. They argue that if democrats vote for both measures separately, and either is defeated, the reof democratic votes and then defeated, the duty from his products. This faction "No," said Mr. Fitzgerald, "I think argues that the republicans are calculat- was impossible ing on passing the reciprocity bill with a

> another plan. They are not all inclined to go to the length of assault upon the protective tariff that the farmers' free list ill contemplates, although twenty-four of their faction in the House voted for it last night. The Cummins idea is to select a list of articles of common use by the farmer and provide in the Canadian reciprocity bill that they shall be admitted

#### ree of duty. Democrats May Caucus.

Senate democrats may hold a caucus to determine their course upon amending the reciprocity bill by tacking on the he fine spirit of harmony exhibited by House democrats in passing the two tariff measures, the Senate democrats are said to feel the necessity of acting in unison, especially in the face of the split in the republican party, which they think afords wide opportunity for playing good politics with these bills.

The friends in Congress of Canadian eciprocity expressed themselves today as highly pleased with President Taft's response to the grangers' delegation yesterday and considered that his action had said. enhanced the prospects in the Senate of oody. They agreed among themselves that the President's argument was irre-futable and that it will strengthen the portant measure and it should be carefutable and that it will strengthen the sentiment throughout the country in fa- fully considered."

#### vor of reciprocity. Early Report Probable.

The reciprocity bill will be reported to the Senate by next Monday, but will find the floor occupied by the bill relating to the direct election of senators, and will have to remain on the calendar for a while. The interim will be fully occupied, howver, in conferences and the laying of plans by both parties and all factions or the big fight to come over the question of amending the reciprocity measure so that when it does come up there will probably be a definite program by democrats and republicans.

## ARMY CHAPLAIN ON TRIAL

Must Answer Charges of Intoxication

and Using Profane Language. Chaplain Charles M. Brewer, 6th Field Artillery, is being tried by a general court-martial convened at Fort Riley, Kan., on orders from the War Department. It is alleged in the official charges that the chaplain was guilty of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline by appearing in a state of intoxication at a ball given by the enlanguage in th epresence of ladies. The chaplain subsequently asked to be permitted to resign from the service, but the Secretary of War would not accept his resignation, and ordered his trial by court-martial instead. Chaplain Brewer is from Alabama and was appointed a chaplain in the army in September, 1907, with the rank of first

## HOFFSTOT TRIAL RESUMED.

lieutenant. He is about thirty-three years

Frank N. Hoffstot of New York, the well known banker and car manufacturer, on graft scandal, was resumed in criminal court before Judge John C. Haymaker to-

the First Witness.

The first witness was Mrs. Alice Tanney, who, as Miss Alice Mansfield, was telephone' operator in the Second National Bank. The prosecution, in outlining the case yesterday, said Mrs. Tanney would give the details of telephone conversations held between Mr. Hoffstot in New York and James Young, cashier of the bank, concerning an alleged proposi-tion to secure from the bank a contribution of \$21,000, to be sent to New York, and later to be used in Pittsburg, in connection with the desired passage of the banks depositories ordinance.

## FAILS TO MEET OBLIGATIONS.

## Petition in Bankruptcy. PHILADELPHIA, May 9.-Jamison

Bros. & Co., bankers and brokers, announced their insolvency on the local stock exchange today, and later filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. They say PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—Jean Ro- their liabilities are \$541,396 and assets

transacted a large political business, and portant towns and centers are under the a necktie as a noose. A man who had among the creditors are George McCurdy, the same cell, but slept soundly while Rochelle was killing himself.

Rochelle was killing himself.

Rochelle was killing himself.

Unfinished Business.

Measures Sent Over From

the House.

The Senate has at last gotten down to business. Not that it will hold prowing of the Capitol and plays upon the tracted sessions each day or meet six Senate, and will remain focussed there days a week; but it is turning its at-

The most definite step along that The Canadian reciprocity bill and the line, taken late yesterday afternoon, so-called "farmers' free list bill" are now was to make the resolution for direct election of senators the unfinished Indications are that the reciprocity mea- business, to come up each day until sure will be reported to the Senate "with- disposed of. The giving of this resoout recommendations," and that the free lution the place of preference on the Senate calendar indicates the favorable attitude in the upper house toward the proposed change in the manner of the Senate for action the first contest electing its members and the probability that it will be agreed to by the Senate before the extra session ad-

> Senator Borah, who is leading the fight on the floor of the Senate for its passage, has given notice that he intends to push it, although not pressing it so as to inconvenience any senators who may desire to speak on it.

#### Obstacles Are Overcome. Parliamentary obstacles were easily

overcome yesterday in the Senate, to give the direct election resolution the place of preference. Half an hour after the Senate met, Senator Borah tried to get unanimous consent to have the resolution made the unfinished business. Senator Heyburn, stanch opponent of the constitutional change, made the point that such action could not be taken during the "morning hour"-the first two hours of the day's session. With Mr. Heyburn objecting, unanimous consent But Mr. Borah was not to be outdone. preponderance of democratic votes, then | He proposed a recess until the "morning sidetracking the free list bill and letting hour" had expired, and his motion to that effect carried overwhelmingly. When the Senate met, at the expiration of the recess, Mr. Borah moved to take up the direct election resolution, and upon that motion a roll call was demanded by its friends. Only five of the seventy-one senators who voted opposed, giving the resolution the place of preference. They were Senators Burnham and Gallinger of New Hampshire, Brandegee of Connecticut, Heyburn of Idaho and Penrose of

#### Pennsylvania. Democrats Also Anxious.

Another evidence of the desire to get down to business was furnished by Senator Martin, democratic leader. Calling attention to the small amount of business on the calendar, Mr. Martin asked the farmers' free list bill or voting for each prospects for committee action on the measure separately. With the example of bills passed by the democratic Housethe bill for reapportionment of congressional districts as a result of the recent census and the bill for the publicity of campaign contributions. Mr. Martin's first query was with regard to the reapportionment bill, and

Senator La Follette, chairman of the committee on census, was called upon to reply.
"I am not able to say when the bill will be reported out," Mr. La Follette "I expect to have a meeting of the committee on the census at a reafavorable action upon the bill by that sonably early day and give the bill the consideration its importance entitles it

Special Meeting Called. Senator Dillingham, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, made a more definite promise with regard to action by that committee on the cam-

paign contributions measure. "The bill has not been considered by the committee as yet," he said, "but it wil be considered very soon. For that purpose a special meeting of the commit tee has been called. The action of Mr. Martin, as demo cratic leader of the Senate, is taken to ndicate that the democratic House will

## receive the active support of the Senate democrats in its legislative program.

### WOULD KILL DEGENERATES. Minister's Suggestion for Inmates of

Massachusetts Institutions. BOSTON, Mass., May 9.-That all degenerates in Massachusetts institutions should be killed with an anesthetic is the suggestion of Rev. George W. Cutter, made before the Unitarian ministers of the city at their monthly conference. "Any one," he says, "who has, like myself, spent any time in institution work, listed men of the past and using profane knows that many who are in our state institutions would be better dead than

## BILLS AIMED AT TRUSTS.

## Senator Kenyon Favors Jail Sentences for Individual Offenders.

Three bills aimed at trusts were introduced in the Senate yesterday afternoon, Senator Kenyon of Iowa, erstwhile Uncle Sam's "trust buster," and Senator Gore of Oklahoma being the sponsors.

Senator Kenyon proposes to amend the ional Directory for the present Congress, Sherman anti-trust law in three radical just out.

ate finance committee on the democratic Great warriors, too, are honored. Among free list bill, when it was testified that the them are Napoleon, Hannibal, Alexander shoemaking industry in this country was in the hands of a shoemaking trust that filed the patents on the shoemaking

Mr. Gore wants an investigation into the methods of leasing, selling and conrolling patented articles in the United states, and wants a law that will compel owners of patent d machinery to ease it without discrimination.

#### INDORSED BY BOTH PARTIES. Resolution for Investigation of

Sugar Trust Passed by House.

The Hardwick sugar resolution was

passed by the House of Representatives this afternoon, after many members. both republican and democrats, including Uncle Joe Cannon, had spoken in favor of it. The resolution creates a committee of nine members to be elected by the House to make an investigation to ascertain whether or not there has been violations of the antitrust law by the American Sugar Refining Company and its allied companies, and all other persons or corporations engaged in manufacturing or refining sugar.

O'Toole, Leah, 103.

Second race, two-year-olds; selling; four selling; six furiongs—Tom Shaw, Van and a half furiongs—Mollie Kearney, selling; six furiongs—Tom Shaw, Van Edgely, All Red, 117.

The committee will be elected later.

O'Toole, Leah, 103.

Second race, two-year-olds; selling; four selling; six furiongs—Tom Shaw, Van Edgely, All Red, 117.

Thistlemass, Henotic, Eos, Maxentius, Rye Straw, 110; Thrifty, 100; summen Weather fair; track fast.

Is Your Money Working? Who is it working for? income-not merely rent. Are you getting all it earns or

Why not give your money a fair

Do you merely rent it to others for

Invest it in a great commercial apple orchard—one that is cared for by a corps of trained specialists.

Your money will work for you night and day-it will grow with the trees. You will get both the earnings and the

Our Unit System makes it possible for you to actually own an apple orchard of whatever size you wish-not

merely stock in some corporation. Six per cent guaranteed during the first five years. After that your profits increase with the growth of the trees.

A postal will bring my booklet "The Unit System of Commercial Apple Growing." There isn't a line of theory about it. It's the biggest idea going-

C. LOUIS ALLEN, President.

Co-Operative Commercial Orchards of Virginia, Inc. Metropolitan Bank Building, Phone Main 2810

# TO NAME NEW BISHOP

Massachusetts Clergymen Will Be Nominated to Succeed Dr. Smith.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.-Three Masschusetts clergymen will be nominated for bishon-coadjutor at the 127th annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Pennsylvania, which began here today in the Church of St. Luke and the

The clergymen are Rev. Alexander Mann, rector of Trinity Church, Boston; Episcopal Theological School, Cambridge, and Rev. Edmund S. Rousman, rector of St. Paul's Church, Boston. Each has a strong following in the convention, and as the coadjutor who will be chosen will succeed Bishop Mackay-Smith as head of the diocese interest in the proceedings of

the convention is intense. The names of the Massachusetts candidates will be presented by a nominating committee appointed a short time ago to consider the merits of those suggested for the coadjutorship. The election prob-

#### ably will take place tomorrow. Bishop Mackay-Smith Resigns. The convention will also choose a suf-

ragan bishop. Bishop Mackay-Smith came to Philadelphia from Washington, D. C., as coadjutor to Bishop Whitaker, and upon the death of the latter a short time ago became the head of the diocese. Ill health, however, forced him to resign. He suggested that a coadjutor and a suffragan be chosen, and that the resignation become effective at the end of a year, thus giving the coadjutor full

## CHRISTIAN NAMES VARY GREATLY IN CONGRESS

authority twelve months after his

Senate and House Each Has a Moses, and Latter Possesses a Jonah.

From "Choice" to "Finis" runs the variety of Christian names of members of Congress, as shown by the Congress

compulsory on individual violators of the their "Moses," but only the House has its law, would compel the forfeiture of patents when the patentee joins with others to restrain trade, and would make illegal the purchase or ownership of stock to the purchase or ownership of stock in a | Many of the ancient prophets are recompeting corporation engaged in inter- called by the given names of members of state commerce.

Senator Gore's bills refer particularly to patented articles, and are the outgrowth of recent hearings before the Senate finance committee on the demonstrate on the demonstration of the given names of members of the given names of members of the given names of members of the members of the given names of of the given name

and Augustus. William Most Common Name.

bers of the House and nine in the Senate. John is next in favor in the House, thirtyseven answering when that name is called. James, used by thirty, and Charles, used by twenty-three, are next in order in the House. George stands second in favor in the Senate, seven bearing it, while John is third with six. In the Senate there is a Jeff, but no Mutt. In the House there are two with the title of "Victor," but none with "De-

## Pimlico Entries.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—Pimlico entries First race, filles and mares; three-yearolds and up; six furlongs-Nightfall, Bouncer, Aetna. 98; Herpes, Rose Queen, 113; Galinda, 108; Alexandra, 93; Miss

Special Dispatch to The Star.

**\*** NEW YORK. WASHINGTON.

# Julius barfinkle & Vo.

PARIS.

F St., Cor. 13th. Furs Stored and Insured, Remodeled and Repaired.

## New Importations and Shipments of Lingerie for Our May Sale.

HE main point we wish to emphasize in this sale is particularly the quality. When goods are sold here at reduced prices there is never a reduction of quality, as goods to be offered to our clientele must always be first quality, no matter at how low a price we may offer them. This May sale of Muslin Underwear is really exceptional, as it is unusual for the quality of underwear that we sell to be offered at the prices that we are now selling it. It is an opportunity for you to secure the best French and Domestic Underwear at much under the regular prices. We men-

tion here a few of the different lots in this sale: A full line of underwear, made of wash crepe, suitable for traveling, including Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Chemises and Combinations. SPECIAL

## VALUES.

75c, 95c and \$1.45 A lot of Fine Nainsook Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Chemises, Combinations and Long \$1.95 Petticoats. VALUE, \$3.00.....

A lot of Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Combinations and Chemises; trimmed in lace and embroidery. VALUE, \$1.50..... A lot of Fine Petticoats, made with deep \$2.45

flounce of wide embroidery. VALUE, \$4.50..

Chemises, greatly reduced on account of soil.

A lot of Low-neck, Short-sleeve Nightgowns, made of cotton crepe and cross-bar. \$1.45 VALUE, \$2.25..... A lot of Domestic Underwear-Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Chemises and Combinations-

ery. VALUES \$1 UP TO \$6.50 65c to \$3.95 A lot of French Handmade Underwear, including Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Combinations and

## Glasses Are Nature's Help

If you need glasses you do wrong not to wear them. Under such conditions, every time that you use your eyes you are putting upon them a strain

which will rapidly impair them. On the other hand, you have to be exceedingly CAREFUL that you wear the RIGHT KIND OF GLASSES.

to have and we've the facilities for supplying them accurately. FEAST OPTICAL COMPANY,

WE will know just what Glasses you ought

1213 F Street.

with race, owners' handicap; steeple-chase; four-year-olds and up; two miles—chase; four-year-olds and up; selling; one mile—col. Ashmeade, 105, super-visor, 99; Springmass, 105. (a) Wilson entry.

Montgomery, 117; Black Oak, Sea Cliff, Montgomery, 117; Black Oak, Sea Cliff, angelo, 115.

Seventh race, three-year-olds selling; six furlongs—Remide Wells, 115; Wolf, 112; Michael Wolf, 112; Michael Selling; six furlongs—Remide Wells, 115; Michael Selling; six furlongs—Remide Wells, 115; Wolf, 112; Michael Selling; six furlongs—Remide Wells, 115; Wolf, 115;

Midway the Block.